		Academic World Literature Grade 12 Unit 1 of 9
Course/Subject: Academic World Literature	Grade: 12	Suggested Timeline: 5 Weeks

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Grade Level Summary	Analyzing world literature from the Middle Ages of the Anglo-Saxons to the Modern Age, this course introduces students to the major periods and movements of world literature and the literary styles of each literary period as students reflect upon the socio-historical context of the time. Integral parts of this course include the following: close reading, literary analysis, and varied formal written response with the integration of textual evidence in both MLA and APA formats, speeches, and class discussion/participation. Geared toward college-bound seniors, students will frequently read independently to think logically, collaboratively, and creatively to complete formative and summative assessments that include refinement of written expression and oratory in preparation for post-high school success. Overall, the course offers students an opportunity to analyze all varied genres and literary styles correlating to each work's cultural and historical events during which they were written while gaining mastery of written and verbal expression.	
Grade Level Units	 Unit 1: The Hero's Journey in Literature Unit 2: The Tragic Hero Unit 3: Romantic/Byronic Hero Unit 4: Anti-Hero Unit 5: Unlikely Hero Unit 6: Archetypes 	

Unit Title	The Hero's Journey in Literature
Unit Summary	Students will comprehend and analyze varied time period literature and cultures in the world with the purpose of refining formal reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills with awareness of the 8 C's. Additionally, the unit will involve supplemental assessments to differentiate between academic and honor sections of the course of study with a primary instructional goal of comprehending and analyzing literature with an awareness of the common archetype of the epic hero and the hero's journey in literature to identify key terms and concepts related to narrative and lyrical literature as well as the Old English and Middle Ages literary characteristics. Specifically, students will master identification of cultural and literary conventions in the Middle Ages and supplemental material including epic poetry such as <i>Beowulf</i> , Chaucer's frame narrative <i>The Canterbury Tales</i> , and other time period poetry and literature such as Anglo-Saxon riddles and poetry. Students will analyze varied styles of Old English literature to identify major themes and compare and contrast with a different piece of literature via structure, characterization, author's purpose, and thematic subjects. The unit will culminate with a formal informative essay in MLA style with awareness of the formal writing process to develop students' abilities to write cohesive in a formal style with awareness of sound research practices as well as basic grammatical conventions and citation requiring students to make connections to the literary texts and contemporary society.

Unit Essential Questions:

- 1. How can the study of world literature reflect human relationships and the Profile of a Graduate?
- 2. How does structure of a work indicate a pattern of development that can contribute to a reader's comprehension and interpretation?
- 3. How does the author use literary devices to develop plot and theme of a narrative?
- 4. What techniques and devices effectively convey an author's message in narrative or lyrical poetry?
- 5. How do the formal writing conventions assist in articulating different cultural heroic journeys?
- 6. How does awareness of appropriate speaking and listening skills assist in effectively sending and receiving messages?

Key Understandings:

- 1. The hero's journey provides a framework for identifying a text's structure, development, characters, and themes.
- 2. Middle Ages background is essential for understanding authors' purpose for varied literature of the time period.
- 3. Comparison and contrast of varied cultural literary pieces allows for deep analysis of cultural and social values that affect an author's purpose and reader's interpretation.
- 4. Identification of literary devices specific to a literary time period is essential for comprehending and analyzing a text.
- 5. MLA Style conventions provide appropriate structure and development of ideas to relay an informational or argumentative message accurately.
- Effective communication skills in small and large groups provide depth to comprehension and analysis of a text or issue.

Focus Standards Addressed in the Unit:				
Standard Number	Standard Description			
CC.1.3.11–12.A	Determine and analyze the relationship between two or more central ideas of a text, including the development and interaction of the central ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.			
CC. 1.3.11-12.D	Evaluate how an author's point of view or purpose shapes the content of a text. author's point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.			
CC.1.4.11–12.A	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately.			
CC.1.4.11-12.B	Write with a sharp distinct focus identify topic, task, and audience.			
Important Standards A	Addressed in the Unit:			
CC.1.3.11–12.H	Demonstrate knowledge of foundational works of literature that reflect a variety of genres in the respective major periods of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics			
CC.1.3.11-12.B	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences and conclusions based on and related to an author's implicit and explicit assumptions and beliefs.			
CC.1.4.11–12.D	Organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a whole; use appropriate and varied transitions and s yntax to link the major sectionsof the text; provide a concluding statement or section that supports the in formation presented; include formatting whenusefulto aiding comprehension.			
CC.1.4.11–12.F	Demonstrate agrade-appropriate command of the conventions of standardEnglish grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling			
CC.1.5.11–12.A	Initiate and participate effectively in arange of collaborative discussions on grade-level topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.			

Misconceptions:	Proper Conceptions:
 There is a limited view of a hero Old English culture and literature is unrelatable to the 21st century 	There are many types of heroes evident in literature throughout various periods and cultures

- Literature is written for purely for entertainment and detached from reality
- A well-written claim is enough to support an interpretation.
- There are many social, cultural, and aesthetic commonalities between Old English culture and the twenty-first century.
- While literature may be written to entertain, writers often express beliefs and values in their writing related to cultural, social, or political circumstances.
- A claim requires defense or support from textual evidence or credible research

Knowledge & Concepts Skills & Competencies Dispositions & Practices Comprehend via independent Communicate ideas effectively The hero's journey is a reading and exploration of in writing to suit a particular situational or narrative archetype informative background audience or purpose. the develops elements of plot. information to identify, define Write conscientiously for short Epic poetry conventions serve responses or over time to key concepts and vocabulary. to develop plot and theme Identify how the structure and develop and include succinct aligned to cultural traditions development of a piece of claims supported via evidence Figurative devices contrast literature impacts comprehension from a text or other resources literal language in prose or and thematic interpretation. adhering to sound research poetry to express abstract ideas Identify and analyze literary practices. and perspectives. elements and devices in multiple Comprehend text by inferring Author and Historical styles and pieces of literature and tracing the main idea, Background are essential for Identify and apply key concepts interpreting, critically effectively comprehending and of analysis of epic poetry and appraising, and making personal analyzing a fictional text. varied world literature. connections Anglo-Saxon and Medieval Evaluate or describe the author's Enhance analysis, interpretation, literary characteristics, and depth of understanding via influence via social structures conventions and genres such as collaborative practices eliciting and cultural values lyrical poetry or the folk epic multiple perspectives and civil Apply key concepts to analysis evoke tones and meaning discourse. of print and web media reflective of cultural beliefs. Synthesize understanding of key Think critically about values, and traditions. concepts via informative and information and claims summative writing (i.e. final encountered at school and beyond by seeking clarity, essay) Evaluate and cite multiple accuracy, sound evidence, good sources to support a position reasons, and fairness

Academic Vocabulary:

1.	antagonist	14. Gleeman	27. protagonist
2.	Anglo-Saxon hero/Epic Hero	15. imagery	28. Scop
3.	caesura	16. Kenning	29. setting
4.	characterization	17. Law of primogeniture	30. stages of the Hero's Journey
5.	Common law	18. literary devices	31. structure
6.	Elegy	19. literary devices (varied)	32. symbol
7.	end-stopped line	20. Magna Carta	33. theme
8.	enjambment	21. ordeals	34. thesis statement
9.	epic poem	22. parallelism	35. tone
10.	fate	23. plot	36. transition
11.	feudal system	24. poetry	37. varied text-specific vocabulary

12. figurative language	25. point of view	38. Venerable Bede
13. folk epic	26. prose	

Evidence: Assessments and Performance Task(s)

- Unit Exam/Quizzes
- Socratic Seminar/Discussion
- Student Responses/Portfolio (i.e. Heroic Career Essay)

Interdisciplinary Connections:

- The historical and cultural lenses of texts apply to understanding the impact characterization, setting, and plot development as well as personal, independent reflection and development of values
- Formal written response skills refine the use of academic vocabulary integral to success in a plethora of post-high school environments
- Collaborative discussion and seminar enhance a student's ability to appropriately engage in civil discourse and engage in conscientious critical thinking that allows for rebuttal of counter argument

Additional Resources:

The following list of resources includes the following texts:

Adventures in Literature, Athena Ed.: Beowulf, The Canterbury Tales, "The Seafarer", Anglo-Saxon riddles; How to Read Literature Like a Professor



Grade 12

Unit 2 of 6

Course/Subject: Academic World Literature Grade: 12

Suggested Timeline: 8 Weeks

Grade Level Summary	Analyzing world literature from the Middle Ages of the Anglo-Saxons to the Modern Age, this course introduces students to the major periods and movements of world literature and the literary styles of each literary period as students reflect upon the socio-historical context of the time. Integral parts of this course include the following: close reading, literary analysis, and varied formal written response with the integration of textual evidence in both MLA and APA formats, speeches, and class discussion/participation. Geared toward college-bound seniors, students will frequently read independently to think logically, collaboratively, and creatively to complete formative and summative assessments that include refinement of written expression and oratory in preparation for post-high school success. Overall, the course offers students an opportunity to analyze all varied genres and literary styles correlating to each work's cultural and historical events during which they were written while gaining mastery of written and verbal expression.
Grade Level Units	 Unit 1: The Hero's Journey in Literature Unit 2: The Tragic Hero Unit 3: The Romantic/Byronic Hero Unit 4: The Anti-Hero Unit 5: The Unlikely Hero Unit 6: Archetypes

Unit Title	Unit 2: The Tragic Hero		
Unit Summary	Students will comprehend and analyze varied time period literature and cultures in the world with the purpose of refining formal reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills with awareness of the 8 C's. Additionally, the unit will involve supplemental assessments to differentiate between academic and honor sections of the course of study.		
	Specifically, students will master identification of cultural and literary conventions in the Renaissance including Shakespearean drama such as <i>Macbeth</i> and varied poetic forms including selections from sonnets, <i>Paradise Lost</i> , and <i>The Inferno</i> . Students will identify key terms and concepts related to Shakespearean dramatic conventions and figurative devices and elements and develop meaning of the texts as a whole.		
	Selected texts and excerpts will provide multiple opportunities for students to analyze the impact of an author's choices to develop literary elements of a drama and poetic form, evaluate how an author or speaker's point of view or purpose shapes textual content and context, as well as refine writing to support claims and interpretation.		
	While students will be given an opportunity to apply dramatic and poetic conventions and devices through the creation of original products to showcase mastery of key concepts and skills, the unit will culminate with a formal exam and formal written response in MLA style with awareness of the formal writing process.		

Unit Essential Ouestions:

- 1. How can the study of world literature reflect human relationships and the Profile of a Graduate?
- 2. What elements and techniques in a dramatic tragedy affect characterization, plot development, and theme?
- 3. How does the author use literary devices to develop plot and theme in drama, sonnet, and Puritan literature?
- 4. How do specific literary elements characterize the protagonist and impact the tone and mood of a text?
- 5. How do form, sound devices, structure, and figurative language convey the meaning of a poem?
- 6. How do the formal writing conventions assist in articulating different cultural heroic journeys?
- 7. How does awareness of appropriate speaking and listening skills assist in effectively sending and receiving messages?

Key Understandings:

- 1. The hero's journey provides a framework for identifying a text's structure, development, characters, and themes.
- 2. Renaissance and Puritan Background is essential for understanding authors' purpose for varied literature of the time period.
- 3. Figurative devices in poetry and drama serve to enhance plot development and theme through comparison, contrast and symbolism that reflect the perspective of the author or speaker's central idea.
- 4. Comparison and contrast of varied cultural literary pieces, including drama and lyrical poetry, allows for deep analysis of cultural and social values that affect an author's purpose and reader's interpretation.
- 5. Identification of literary devices specific to a literary time period is essential for comprehending and analyzing a text.
- 6. MLA Style conventions provide appropriate structure and development of ideas to relay an informational or argumentative message accurately.
- 7. Effective communication skills in small and large groups provide depth to comprehension and analysis of a text or issue.

Standard Number	Standard Description
Sianaara Ivambei	Standard Description
CC.1.3.11–12.C	Analyze the impactof the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story r drama.
CC.1.3.11–12.D	Evaluate howan author's point of view or purposeshapesthe content and style of a text.
CC.1.4.11–12.G	Writearguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics.
CC.1.4.11–12.K	Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition.
	Use precise language, domain specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
	Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms of the discipline in which they are writing.
Important Standards A	Addressed in the Unit:
CC.1.3.11–12.G	Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)
CC.1.4.11–12.S	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research, applying grade-level reading standards for literature and literary nonfiction.
CC.1.5.11–12.A	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions on grade-level topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
CC.1.5.11–12.D	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective; organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.
CC.1.3.11-12.F	Evaluate how words and phrases shape meaning and tone in texts.

Misconceptions:	Proper Conceptions:
• There is a limited view of a hero	There are many types of heroes
Shakespearean language is unrelatable to the	
21st century	

- A dynamic character makes intentional decisions that directly affect the plot.
- All characters must undergo change through the course of the plot to effectively develop a resolution.
- A reader or audience's associations and prior knowledge of experiences are insignificant to understanding comparisons within a text.
- Shakespearean language has inspired many contemporary English expressions including humor and wit
- A dynamic character who develops over the course of the narrative often makes choices that directly or indirectly affect the climax and/or resolution of a dramatic production.
- Character changes can be external or internal such as psychological or emotional changes.
- Comparisons between objects or concepts draw on the experiences and associations the readers already have with those objects and concepts.

Knowledge & Concepts Skills & Competencies Dispositions & Practices The hero's journey is a Comprehend via independent Communicate ideas effectively situational or narrative archetype reading and exploration of in writing to suit a particular that can be applied to other informative background audience or purpose. forms of literature such as information to identify, define Write conscientiously for short key concepts and vocabulary. responses or over time to Identify how the structure and develop and include succinct Renaissance and Puritan poetic development of a piece of claims supported via evidence conventions serve to develop literature impacts comprehension from a text or other resources plot and theme aligned to and thematic interpretation. adhering to sound research cultural traditions Identify and analyze literary practices. Figurative devices contrast literal elements and devices in multiple Comprehend text by inferring language in prose or poetry to styles and pieces of literature and tracing the main idea, express abstract ideas and Identify and apply key concepts interpreting, critically perspectives in drama and of analysis of epic poetry and appraising, and making personal poetry. varied world literature. connections Author and Historical Evaluate or describe the author's Enhance analysis, interpretation, Background are essential for and depth of understanding via influence via social structures effectively comprehending and and cultural values collaborative practices eliciting analyzing drama and poetry. Synthesize understanding of key multiple perspectives and civil Renaissance and Puritan Literary concepts via informative, discourse. characteristics, conventions and summative, and creative writing Think critically about genres (drama, sonnet, epic (i.e. literary criticism and poetry) information and claims poetry) evoke tones and meaning Evaluate and cite multiple encountered at school and reflective of cultural beliefs, sources to support a position beyond by seeking clarity, values, and traditions. accuracy, sound evidence, good reasons, and fairness

Academic Vocabulary:

- allegory
- aside
- blank verse
- catharsis
- characterization
- comic relief
- concealment
- couplet
- Divine Comedy

- figurative language (varied)
- foi
- foreshadowing
- imagery
- irony (dramatic, verbal, situational)
- literary devices
- metaphor
- meter (iambic pentameter)

- setting
- Shakespearean
- simile
- soliloquy
- sonnet, Sonneto
- Spencerian
- supernatural
- terza rima (Inferno)
- text specific vocabulary

•	drama terms (varied: i.e.	•	motif	•	tone
	soliloquy, aside)	•	octave	•	Tragedy (Shakespearean)
•	dramatic convention	•	Petrarchan	•	tragic hero
•	elements of plot diagram	•	point of view	•	unholy trinity
•	epic	•	quatrain	•	volta
•	epithet	•	Renaissance		
•	felix culpa	•	sestet		

Evidence: Assessments and Performance Task(s)

- Unit Exam/Quizzes
- Socratic Seminar/Discussion
- Student Responses/Portfolio (i.e. Literary Criticism)
- Managed Choice Project (i.e Cube Project)

Interdisciplinary Connections:

- The historical and cultural lenses of texts apply to understanding the impact characterization, setting, and plot development as well as personal, independent reflection and development of values
- Formal written response skills refine the use of academic vocabulary integral to success in a plethora of post-high school environments
- Collaborative discussion and seminar enhance a student's ability to appropriately engage in civil discourse and engage in conscientious critical thinking that allows for rebuttal of counter argument

Additional Resources:

Adventures in English Literature, Athena Edition; How to Read Literature Like a Professor



Grade 12

Unit 3 of 6

Course/Subject: Academic World Literature Grade: 12

Suggested Timeline:

7 weeks

Grade Level Summary	Analyzing world literature from the Middle Ages of the Anglo-Saxons to the Modern Age, this course introduces students to the major periods and movements of world literature and the literary styles of each literary period as students reflect upon the socio-historical context of the time. Integral parts of this course include the following: close reading, literary analysis, and varied formal written response with the integration of textual evidence in both MLA and APA formats, speeches, and class discussion/participation. Geared toward college-bound seniors, students will frequently read independently to think logically, collaboratively, and creatively to complete formative and summative assessments that include refinement of written expression and oratory in preparation for post-high school success. Overall, the course offers students an opportunity to analyze all varied genres and literary styles correlating to each work's cultural and historical events during which they were written while gaining mastery of written and verbal expression.	
Grade Level Units	 Unit 1: The Hero's Journey in Literature Unit 2: The Tragic Hero Unit 3: The Romantic/Byronic Hero Unit 4: The Anti-Hero Unit 5: The Unlikely Hero- Unit 6: Archetypes 	

Unit Title	Unit 3: The Romantic/ Byronic Hero
Unit Summary	Students will comprehend and analyze varied time period literature and cultures in the world with the purpose of refining formal reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills with awareness of the 8 C's. Additionally, the unit will involve supplemental assessments to differentiate between academic and honor sections of the course of study.
	Students will master identification of cultural and literary conventions in the Romantic time period and world literature via managed choice of novels. Specifically, students will select a time period novel such as <i>Frankenstein</i> , <i>Pride and Prejudice</i> , <i>Heart of Darkness</i> , <i>Jane Eyre</i> or other appropriate supplemental text in the public domain to comprehend and analyze for plot, character development, theme, historical relevance/significance, author's purpose, and literary elements.
	The unit will culminate with a student-led lesson/presentation showcasing mastery of these literary skills and proficiency in speaking and listening skills. A written assessment will culminate an essay in MLA style with awareness of the formal writing process in combination with a traditional multiple choice exam to assess mastery of key concepts and vocabulary applied to the selected texts.

Unit Essential Questions:	Key Understandings:
1. How can the study of world literature reflect human relationships and the Profile of a Graduate?	1. The hero's journey provides a framework for identifying a text's structure, development, characters, and themes.

- 2. How does the author use literary devices to develop plot and theme in novels?
- 3. How do specific elements and techniques in a story enhance the protagonists development to signify a theme?
- 4. How does organization impact delivery and clarity of a verbal message?
- 5. How does awareness of appropriate speaking and listening skills assist in effectively sending and receiving messages?
- 2. Romantic historical background and influences is essential for understanding authors' purpose and themes for varied literature of the time period.
- Literary and figurative devices in novels serve to enhance plot development and theme through comparison, contrast characterization or symbolism that reflect the perspective of the author or speaker's central idea.
- 4. Identification of literary devices specific to a literary time period and conventions of a genre are essential for comprehending and analyzing a text thematically.
- MLA/APA Style conventions provide appropriate structure and development of ideas to relay an informational or argumentative message accurately.
- 6. Effective communication skills in small and large groups provide depth to comprehension and analysis of a text or issue.

Focus Standards Addr	Focus Standards Addressed in the Unit:	
Standard Number	Standard Description	
CC.1.5.11–12E	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks.	
CC.1.5.11–12.F	Make strategic use of digital media in presentations to add interest and enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence.	
CC.1.3.11–12.K	Read and comprehend literary fiction on grade level, reading independently and proficiently	
СС.1.3.11–12.Н	Demonstrate knowledge of foundational works of literature that reflect a variety of genres in the respective major periods of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	
Important Standards A	Addressed in the Unit:	
CC.1.4.11–12.C	Develop and analyze the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic; include graphics and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension	
CC.1.4.11–12.F	Demonstrate a grade-appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.	
CC.1.4.11–12.S	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research, applying grade-level reading standards for literature and literary nonfiction.	
CC.1.5.11–12.A	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions on grade-level topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	
CC.1.5.11–12.D	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective; organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.	

Misconceptions:	Proper Conceptions:
• There is a limited view of a hero.	• There are many types of heroes.
 Love and passion can be misunderstood by the label of the Romantic time period. A narrator may be deemed reliable via the identification of the complexity of detail and vivid description of events within a narrative. A narrative structure chronologically develops a plot to present conflict, crisis, and resolution. 	 The Romantic time period emphasizes imagination, individualism idealized through human emotion and intellect. Readers should be aware of bias in a narration that may imply a lack of accuracy in the development of a piece of literature. Thus, the reliability of a narrator may influence a reader's understanding of a character's motives.

- A plot must result in a resolution that presents the fates of all characters and circumstances essential to the central conflict of the narrative.
- Some narrative structures interrupt chronology of a plot; such structures include flashback, foreshadowing, or in medias res techniques.
- Although most plots end in resolution of the central conflicts, some have unresolved endings, and the lack of resolution may contribute to interpretations of the text.

Knowledge & Concepts Skills & Competencies Dispositions & Practices Comprehend via independent Communicate ideas effectively The hero's journey or quest is a reading and exploration of situational or narrative archetype in writing to suit a particular informative background audience or purpose. that can be applied to other information to identify, define Write conscientiously for short forms of literature such as a key concepts and vocabulary. responses or over time to Gothic novel Identify how the structure and develop and include succinct Romantic and historical development of a piece of claims supported via evidence influences serve to develop plot literature impacts comprehension from a text or other resources and theme aligned to cultural and thematic interpretation. adhering to sound research traditions and beliefs of the time Identify and analyze literary practices. period elements and devices in multiple Comprehend text by inferring Romantic literary themes styles and pieces of literature and tracing the main idea, consider elements of natural Identify and apply key concepts interpreting, critically world to emphasize imagination, of analysis of epic poetry and appraising, and making personal emotions, and individualism varied world literature. connections Constructing and conveying a Evaluate or describe the author's Enhance analysis, interpretation, lesson for an authentic influence via social structures and depth of understanding via audience requires mastery of collaborative practices eliciting and cultural values content knowledge and multiple perspectives and civil Apply key concepts to analysis awareness of organization and of print and web media discourse. delivery. Synthesize understanding of key Think critically about Review and presentation of concepts via written and verbal information and claims literary characteristics, responses. encountered at school and conventions and genres (novels, beyond by seeking clarity, poetry, and short accuracy, sound evidence, good story) showcase the unique reasons, and fairness differences and archetypal

Academic Vocabulary:

- Age of Reason
- Agricultural Revolution
- allusion
- Byronic Hero; Romantic Hero

universality of literature

- characterization (flat, round, static, dyamic, stock)
- dichotomy
- flashback
- foreshadowing
- French Revolution

- irony
- Industrial Revolution
- juxtaposition
- Laissez-faire
- metonymy
- mood
- motif
- Napoleonic Wars
- narrative technique
- perspective

- setting
- Romanticism
- sensationalism
- Steam engine
- symbolism
- theme
- tone
- varied literary devices
- varied text vocabulary

George III	• plot	
 Gothicism/Gothic novel 	 point of view 	
imagery	 Regency period 	

Evidence: Assessments and Performance Task(s)

- Unit Exam/Quizzes
- Socratic Seminar/Discussion
- Formal Presentation (Lesson or Product [handout, slide show])
- Managed Choice Written Response

Interdisciplinary Connections:

- The historical and cultural lenses of texts apply to understanding the impact characterization, setting, and plot development as well as personal, independent reflection and development of values
- Formal written response skills refine the use of academic vocabulary integral to success in a plethora of post-high school environments
- Collaborative discussion and seminar enhance a student's ability to appropriately engage in civil discourse and engage in conscientious critical thinking that allows for rebuttal of counter argument

Additional Resources:

Pride and Prejudice, Jane Eyre, Frankenstein, Heart of Darkness, "A Few Lines Composed a Few Miles Above Tintern Abbey, Apostrophe to an Ocean, Dream Child: A Reverie, Kubla Khan, Ode to the West Wind, To a Skylark," How to Read Literature Like a Professor, Adventures in English Literature, Athena Edition.



Grade 12

Unit 4 of 6

Course/Subject: Academic World Literature Grade: 12

Suggested Timeline: 6 weeks

Grade Level Summary	Analyzing world literature from the Middle Ages of the Anglo-Saxons to the Modern Age, this course introduces students to the major periods and movements of world literature and the literary styles of each literary period as students reflect upon the socio-historical context of the time. Integral parts of this course include the following: close reading, literary analysis, and varied formal written response with the integration of textual evidence in both MLA and APA formats, speeches, and class discussion/participation. Geared toward college-bound seniors, students will frequently read independently to think logically, collaboratively, and creatively to complete formative and summative assessments that include refinement of written expression and oratory in preparation for post-high school success. Overall, the course offers students an opportunity to analyze all varied genres and literary styles correlating to each work's cultural and historical events during which they were written while gaining mastery of written and verbal expression.	
Grade Level Units	 Unit 1: The Hero's Journey in Literature Unit 2: The Tragic Hero Unit 3: The Romantic/Byronic Hero Unit 4: The Anti-Hero Unit 5: The Unlikely Hero Unit 6: Archetypes 	

Unit Title	Unit 4: The Anti-Hero
Unit Summary	Students will comprehend and analyze varied time period literature and cultures in the world with the purpose of refining formal reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills with awareness of the 8 C's. Additionally, the unit will involve supplemental assessments to differentiate between academic and honor sections of the course of study.
	Students will master identification of cultural and literary conventions in the modern era and world literature through the lens of moral criticism in literature and film through the lens of novel, essay and elements of satire emphasized through characteristics of the literary anti-hero. Specifically, students read and analyze George Orwell's literature and other appropriate satirical texts to comprehend and analyze for plot, character development, theme, historical relevance/significance, author's purpose, and literary elements.
	Ultimately, students will be able to compare and contrast the elements of satire and techniques used by the authors to establish identify as well as agree or disagree with their perspective through reading comprehension quizzes, analytical response, argumentative writing, seminar discussion, and creation of original satire to showcase and refine mastery of key skills and concepts.

Unit Essential Questions:		
1 Harry oan the study of world li		

1. How can the study of world literature reflect human relationships and the Profile of a Graduate?

Key Understandings:

1. The hero's journey provides a framework for identifying a text's structure, development, characters, and themes.

- 2. What are the essential elements of satire?
- 3. How does the author use literary devices to develop plot and theme in satirical novels, essays, and other genres?
- 4. How does an author use literary or rhetorical devices and techniques to criticize society?
- 5. How does awareness of appropriate speaking and listening skills assist in effectively sending and receiving messages?
- 6. How does a writer create an effective argument?
- 7. How do evidence and word choice impact an appropriate argumentative written or verbal response?

- 2. Historical background and influences are essential for understanding authors' purpose and themes for satire.
- 3. Literary, figurative, and rhetorical devices in novels serve to enhance plot development and satirical theme through characterization or symbolism that reflect the perspective of the author or speaker's central idea.
- 4. Comparison and contrast of varied cultural literary pieces provide for deep analysis of social, political, or moral concerns.
- 5. Identification of literary and rhetorical devices specific to a literary time period or genre allow for rich analysis of a novel, short story, poem, or essay.
- 6. MLA/APA Style conventions provide appropriate structure and development of ideas to relay an informational or argumentative message accurately.
- 7. Effective communication skills in small and large groups provide depth to comprehension and analysis of a text or satirized issue.

Focus Standards Addre	essed in the Unit:
Standard Number	Standard Description
CC.1.2.11–12.A	Determine and analyze the relationship between two or more central ideas of a text, including the development and interaction of the central ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.
CC.1.3.11–12.D	Evaluate how an author's point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text
CC.1.3.11–12.F	Evaluate how words and phrases shape meaning and tone in texts.
CC.1.3.11-12.J	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
Important Standards A	Addressed in the Unit:
CC.1.4.11–12.J	Create organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence; use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text to create cohesion and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims; provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented
CC.1.4.11–12.K	Write with an awareness of the stylistic aspects of composition. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms of the discipline in which they are writing.
CC.1.4.11–12.L	Demonstrate a grade-appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling
CC.1.5.11-12.B	Evaluate how the speaker's perspective, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric affect the credibility of an argument through the author's stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone.
CC.1.5.11–12.A	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions on grade-level topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Misconceptions:	Proper Conceptions:
 There is a limited view of a hero 	 There are many types of heroes whose traits and
 Governments and security platforms and agencies 	development align with social and cultural beliefs and
can be blindly trusted	circumstances.

- A character's actions must be used to determine motivation.
- A dynamic character makes intentional decisions that directly affect the plot.
- Narration solely drives the structural elements of short fiction
- A claim is a sufficient argument indicating an implied truth that should be generally accepted.
- Satire is a form of art meant to provide amusement through witty comic relief
- Many forms of literature help citizens to think critically about freedom and security
- Readers can infer a character's motives from that character's actions or inactions
- A dynamic character who develops over the course of the narrative often makes choices that directly or indirectly affect the climax and/or resolution of the narrative.
- Narration impacts the perception of the audience through their understanding of characters and plot development
- A claim is a statement that requires defense with evidence from the text, credible research, and consideration of counterclaims.
- While satire may be humorous, other forms of satire may invoke serious or drab imagery and details to convey the author's purpose.

Knowledge & Concepts Skills & Competencies Dispositions & Practices The hero's journey is a Comprehend via independent Communicate ideas effectively situational or narrative archetype reading and exploration of in writing to suit a particular informative background that can be applied to other audience or purpose. forms of literature such as satire information to identify, define Write conscientiously for short modern historical key concepts and vocabulary. responses or over time to influences serve to develop Identify how the structure and develop and include succinct author's purpose in writing satire development of a piece of claims supported via evidence indicative of the literary period literature impacts comprehension from a text or other resources or human condition and thematic interpretation. adhering to sound research moral criticism evaluates the Identify and analyze literary practices. elements and devices in multiple ethical content of works Comprehend text by inferring styles and pieces of literature and tracing the main idea, Satirical Themes criticize folly Identify and apply key concepts interpreting, critically or corruption of an individual or of analysis of epic poetry and appraising, and making personal group in society Propaganda promotes or varied world literature. connections publicizes a concept or issue Evaluate or describe the author's Enhance analysis, interpretation, through misleading techniques influence or perspective via and depth of understanding via The anti-hero archetype provides social structures and cultural collaborative practices eliciting contemporary criteria of modern values multiple perspectives and civil society's values and beliefs Apply key concepts to analysis discourse. A dystopia is used in satirical of print and web media Collaborate effectively to creative writing to emphasize Synthesize understanding of key engage in civil discourse or satirical themes through setting concepts via informative and debate. paradox presents seemingly summative writing (i.e. final Think critically about contradictory concepts to relay a information and claims essav) great truth Evaluate and cite multiple encountered at school and Surveillance and language sources to support a position and beyond by seeking clarity, Such as Orwell's "doublethink" form an effective argument. accuracy, sound evidence, good contribute to satirical themes reasons, and fairness regarding freedom and privacy. Figurative devices contrast literal language in satirical texts to express abstract ideas and perspectives to encourage social change or reflection.

Review and presentation of literary characteristics, conventions and genres (novels, poetry, essay, and short story) showcase the unique differences and archetypal universality of literature

Academic Vocabulary:

- anti-hero
- argument
- citation
- commentary
- contradictions/paradox
- doublethink
- dystopia/ utopia
- epiphany
- ethos
- figurative devices
- flashback
- foreshadowing
- hyperbole
- imagery
- irony

- logos
- moral criticism
- Newspeak
- Orwellian
- oxymoron
- paradox
- paraphrase
- pathos
- Proletarian
- propaganda
- propaganda techniques
- psychological cleansing
- rebuttal; refutation
- rhetoric

- satire: political, Juvenalian, Horatian
- satirical themes
- surveillance
- symbolism
- the hero's journey; quest
- theme
- thesis statement
- totalitarian
- transition
- understatement

Evidence: Assessments and Performance Task(s)

- Unit Exam/Quizzes
- Socratic Seminar/Discussion
- Student Responses/Portfolio (moral criticism; argumentative response)

Interdisciplinary Connections:

- The historical and cultural lenses of texts apply to understanding the impact characterization, setting, and plot development as well as personal, independent reflection and development of values
- Formal written response skills refine the use of academic vocabulary integral to success in a plethora of post-high school environments
- Modern current events will provide an opportunity for students to connect author's satirical stance with real life
- Collaborative discussion and seminar enhance a student's ability to appropriately engage in civil discourse and engage in conscientious critical thinking that allows for rebuttal of counter argument

Additional Resources:

Adventures in English Literature, Athena Edition; 1984 by George Orwell; "Shooting an Elephant" by George Orwell; "A Modest Proposal" by Jonathan Swift



Grade 12

Unit 5 of 6

Course/Subject: Academic World Literature Grade: 12

Suggested Timeline:

5-6 Weeks

Grade Level Summary	Analyzing world literature from the Middle Ages of the Anglo-Saxons to the Modern Age, this course introduces students to the major periods and movements of world literature and the literary styles of each literary period as students reflect upon the socio-historical context of the time. Integral parts of this course include the following: close reading, literary analysis, and varied format written response with the integration of textual evidence in both MLA and APA formats, speeches, and class discussion/participation. Geared toward college-bound seniors, students will frequently read independently to think logically, collaboratively, and creatively to complete formative and summative assessments that include refinement of written expression and oratory in preparation for post-high school success. Overall, the course offers students an opportunity to analyze all varied genres and literary styles correlating to each work's cultural and historical events during which they were written while gaining mastery of written and verbal expression.	
Grade Level Units	 Unit 1: The Hero's Journey in Literature Unit 2: The Tragic Hero Unit 3: The Romantic/Byronic Hero Unit 4: The Anti-Hero Unit 5: The Unlikely Hero Unit 6: Archetypes 	

Unit Title	Unit 5: The Unlikely Hero
Unit Summary	Students will comprehend and analyze varied time period literature and cultures in the world with the purpose of refining formal reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills with awareness of the 8 C's. Additionally, the unit will involve supplemental assessments to differentiate between academic and honor sections of the course of study.
	Students will read and analyze novel literature such as <i>The Kite Runner</i> , <i>The Woman Warrior</i> , <i>or Born a Crime</i> to examine how an author explores cultural concepts and concerns via the development of character motivation, plot, and thematic elements in literature. Moreover, students will analyze central characters in contemporary works to study how the characteristics of an unlikely hero develop the progression of plot and thematic concepts in a work as well as compare or contrast to other forms of literary heroes studied in previous works and eras of literature previously studied.
	Students will also parallel the protagonists in contemporary works, by continuing to identify their "Philosophy of Life" through analysis of the authors' work and characterize perspectives via reading comprehension and analysis quizzes, written responses, and collaborative discussion. Through students' ongoing self-reflection, they will identify personal similarities and differences to the characteristics of an unlikely hero, as well as trace these characteristics and thematic concepts in
	the text via historical analysis. Students will present their findings via analysis of key passages and summary writing that showcases mastery of key unit concepts and vocabulary.

Unit Essential Questions:

- 1. How can the study of world literature reflect human relationships and the Profile of a Graduate?
- 2. How does the author use literary devices to develop plot, characterization, and theme?
- 3. How do the formal writing conventions assist in articulating different cultural heroic journeys?
- 4. How does awareness of appropriate speaking and listening skills assist in effectively sending and receiving messages?

Key Understandings:

- 1. The hero's journey provides a framework for identifying a text's structure, development, characters, and themes.
- 2. Middle Eastern & Chinese background & cultural pastimes enhance understanding of author's influence, purpose and themes.
- 3. Comparison/Contrast varied cultural literary pieces
- 4. Identification of literary devices specific to a literary time period or genre provide tools for analysis and interpretation.
- 5. MLA/ APA Style conventions provide appropriate structure and development of ideas to relay an informational or argumentative message accurately.
- 6. Effective communication skills in small and large groups provide depth to comprehension and analysis of a text or issue.

Focus Standards Addressed in the Unit:		
Standard Number	Standard Description	
CC.1.3.11–12.H	Demonstrate knowledge of foundational works of literature that reflect a variety of genres in the respective major periods of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	
CC.1.3.11-12.K	Read and comprehend literary fiction on grade level, reading independently and proficiently	
CC.1.4.11-12.I	Distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims; develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.	
CC.1.2.11-12.J	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	
Important Standards A	Addressed in the Unit:	
CC.1.4.11–12.C	Develop and analyze the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic; include graphics and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension	
CC.1.4.11–12.F	Demonstrate a grade-appropriate command of the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.	
CC.1.4.11–12.S	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research, applying grade-level reading standards for literature and literary nonfiction.	
CC.1.5.11–12.D	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective; organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.	
CC.1.2.11-12.G	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g. visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.	

Misconceptions:	Proper Conceptions:	
 There is a limited view of a hero. Everyday people are not heroes. The Middle East and Asian cultures are a homogenous culture. 	 There are many types of heroes Everyone can be heroic in his own way. The Middle East and Asia have many different cultures, ethnicities, and world views. Readers should be aware of bias in a narration that may imply a lack of accuracy in the development of a piece of 	

- A narrator may be deemed reliable via the identification of the complexity of detail and vivid description of events within a narrative.
- A text should present a clear, consistent perspective to present the depth of a social, political, or cultural circumstance or value.
- A reader's interpretation is affected by the events of a novel or drama's resolution to conflict(s).
- literature. Thus, the reliability of a narrator may influence a reader's understanding of a character's motives.
- Contrasting perspectives can occur within a novel and contribute to the complexity of meaning of the work as a whole.
- Readers' interpretations are frequently impacted by a character change (or lack thereof) and the meaning conveyed by such development.

Knowledge & Concepts Skills & Competencies Dispositions & Practices Communicate ideas effectively Comprehend via independent The hero's journey is a reading and exploration of in writing to suit a particular situational or narrative archetype informative background audience or purpose. that can be applied to other information to identify, define Write conscientiously for short forms of literature such as key concepts and vocabulary. responses or over time to Identify how the structure and develop and include succinct Literary devices develop plot and development of a piece of claims supported via evidence theme to incite reader literature impacts comprehension from a text or other resources interpretation and reflection and thematic interpretation. adhering to sound research Cultural language, customs, and practices. Identify and analyze literary past times can provide elements and devices in multiple Comprehend text by inferring perspective and abstract meaning styles and pieces of literature and tracing the main idea. to a work of literature Identify and apply key concepts interpreting, critically Historical criticism includes of analysis to various forms and appraising, and making personal facts about an author's life, genres of literature. connections influences, and time to uncover Evaluate or describe the author's Enhance analysis, interpretation, meaning in a work of literature. and depth of understanding via influence via social structures Literary devices and techniques collaborative practices eliciting and cultural values express abstract ideas and multiple perspectives and civil Apply key concepts to analysis perspectives within the elements of print and web media discourse. of plot structure. Synthesize understanding of key Think critically about Motifs in literature establish concepts via informative and information and claims symbolic meaning that summative writing (i.e. final encountered at school and contributes to thematic beyond by seeking clarity, essav) understanding. Evaluate and cite textual accuracy, sound evidence, good evidence to support a position reasons, and fairness

Academic Vocabulary:

• agha	kite running	• sahib
 allusion 	• legend	• Sunni/ Shi'a
 analysis 	• Mecca	 symbolism
 autobiography 	• memoir	• Taliban
• baba	• mood	 Taliban
 characterization 	• motif	• talk-story
 creative nonfiction 	• Muslim	• theme
diction	• myth	• tone
• foil	• naan	 varied text and cultural specific
Hazara	 narrative technique 	vocabulary
irony	• Pashtun	
• Islam	• plot	
• jan	 post modernism 	

Evidence: Assessments and Performance Task(s)

- Unit Exam/Quizzes
- Socratic Seminar/Discussion
- Student Responses/Portfolio (Historical Analysis)

Interdisciplinary Connections:

- The historical and cultural lenses of texts apply to understanding the impact characterization, setting, and plot development as well as personal, independent reflection and development of values
- Formal written response skills refine the use of academic vocabulary integral to success in a plethora of post-high school environments
- Collaborative discussion and seminar enhance a student's ability to appropriately engage in civil discourse and engage in conscientious critical thinking that allows for rebuttal of counter argument

Additional Resources:

The Kite Runner, The Woman Warrior, Born a Crime, How to Read Literature Like a Professor, Adventures in English Literature, Athena Edition



Grade 12

Unit 6 of 6

Course/Subject: Academic World Literature Grade: 12

Suggested Timeline:

4-5 weeks

Grade Level Summary	Analyzing world literature from the Middle Ages of the Anglo-Saxons to the Modern Age, this course introduces students to the major periods and movements of world literature and the literary styles of each literary period as students reflect upon the socio-historical context of the time. Integral parts of this course include the following: close reading, literary analysis, and varied formal written response with the integration of textual evidence in both MLA and APA formats, speeches, and class discussion/participation. Geared toward college-bound seniors, students will frequently read independently to think logically, collaboratively, and creatively to complete formative and summative assessments that include refinement of written expression and oratory in preparation for post-high school success. Overall, the course offers students an opportunity to analyze all varied genres and literary styles correlating to each work's cultural and historical events during which they were written while gaining mastery of written and verbal expression.
Grade Level Units	 Unit 1: The Hero's Journey in Literature Unit 2: The Tragic Hero Unit 3: The Romantic/Byronic Hero Unit 4: The Anti-Hero Unit 5: The Unlikely Hero Unit 6: Archetypes

Unit Title	Unit 6: Archetypes
Unit Summary	Students will comprehend and analyze varied time period literature and cultures in the world with the purpose of refining formal reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills with awareness of the 8 C's. Additionally, the unit will involve supplemental assessments to differentiate between academic and honor sections of the course of study.
	Students will review and refine their mastery of the hero's journey and types of literary heroes by applying the concept of archetypes and motifs to the primary contemporary unit text such as <i>The Kite Runner, The Woman Warrior, or Born a Crime</i> and managed choice of other texts studied throughout the year to identify comparisons and contrasts that emphasize the universality of patterns, characterization, conflict/circumstances, and themes that transcend time, culture, and genre.
	Throughout reading, students will continue to build on their personal philosophy through formative assessment and reflection within the unit that provides multiple opportunities for students to comprehend plot, evaluate historical and cultural context, analyze narrative perspective, and reflect on personal reaction and interpretation from the text applied to their own system of beliefs and values.
	Students will showcase a culminating understanding of essential course concepts that serves to provide a cohesive response to a reoccurring essential question, "How can the study of world literature reflect human relationships and the Profile of a Graduate?" through development of a final informative speech. Students will demonstrate proficient reading comprehension, analysis,

interpretation, citation, and public speaking skills by researching and organizing a "Philosophy of Life" informative speech supported by varied course literature.

Students will engage in research that uses cited, self-selected evidence from the varied course literature applied to their personal interpretation, "life philosophy" that includes commentary which civilly elaborates on their personal journey, values, and beliefs that compares or contrast to authors' perspectives, character development, plot, and themes studied throughout the school year.

Unit Essential Questions:

- 1. How can the study of world literature reflect human relationships and the Profile of a Graduate?
- 2. How does the author use literary devices to develop plot and theme?
- 3. How does an author's or narrator's perspective limit or enhance a text's structure and development?
- 4. How do the formal writing conventions assist in articulating different cultural heroic journeys?
- 5. How can a reader identify commonalities in or between texts despite different cultural perspectives, literary movements, or time periods?
- 6. How does awareness of appropriate speaking and listening skills assist in effectively sending and receiving messages?

Key Understandings:

- 1. The hero's journey provides a framework for identifying a text's structure, development, characters, and themes
- Comparison and contrast of varied cultural literary pieces provide for deep analysis of social, political, or moral concerns.
- 3. Historical background and influences are essential for understanding authors' purpose and theme.
- 4. Identification of literary devices and techniques specific to a literary time period or genre allow for rich analysis of fiction and nonfiction.
- MLA/APA Style conventions provide appropriate structure and development of ideas to relay an informational or argumentative message accurately.
- 6. Effective formal public speaking skills in small and large groups are enhanced through the speaker's content, organization, language, and delivery.

Focus Standards Addressed in the Unit:		
Standard Number	Standard Description	
CC.1.2.11–12.B	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly, as well as inferences and conclusions based on and related to an author's implicit and explicit assumptions and beliefs.	
CC.1.2.11–12.D	Evaluate how an author's point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.	
CC.1.4.11–12.A	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately.	
CC.1.5.11–12.D	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective; organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.	
Important Standards A	Addressed in the Unit:	
CC.1.2.11-12.J	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	
CC.1.2.11–12.L	Read and comprehend literary non-fiction and informational text on grade level, reading independently and proficiently.	
CC.1.5.11–12.B	Evaluate how the speaker's perspective, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric affect the credibility of an argument through the author's stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone.	
CC.1.5.11-12.D	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective; organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.	

Misconceptions:

- There is a limited view of a hero.
- Literary nonfiction does not contain the complexity or value that creative fiction holds.
- Good public speaking is an innate quality.
- A reader or audience's associations and prior knowledge of experiences are insignificant to understanding a text.

Proper Conceptions:

- There are many types of heroes.
- Literary nonfiction is a valuable resource that frequently fills our daily lives with personal reflection and understanding of perspectives in our world and humanity.
- Good public speaking skills are developed through content knowledge, effective organization, and awareness of appropriate delivery skills.
- Comparisons and interpretation from a text may draw on the experiences and associations the readers already has with the characters, settings, events, or other circumstances.

Knowledge & Concepts

• The hero's journey is a situational or narrative archetype that can be applied to other forms of literature such as drama

- Literary devices develop plot and theme to incite reader interpretation and reflection
- Cultural language, customs, and past times can provide perspective and abstract meaning to a work of literature
- Literary and other figurative devices and techniques express an author or speaker's perspective and develop and elements of plot.
- Archetypes showcase universality in literature by identifying common characters, circumstances, or symbols that develop commentary on universal thematic subjects.
- Literary characteristics, conventions and genres (short story, poetry, non-fiction literature) are significant to an author or speaker's purpose and enhance a reader's evaluation and interpretation of a text.

Skills & Competencies

- Comprehend via independent reading and exploration of informative background information to identify, define key concepts and vocabulary.
- Identify how the structure and development of a piece of literature impacts comprehension and thematic interpretation.
- Identify and analyze literary elements and devices in multiple styles and pieces of literature
- Identify and apply key concepts of analysis of epic poetry and varied world literature.
- Analyze across forms of literature and texts to compare and contrast characteristics, style, techniques, and themes.
- Evaluate or describe the author's influence via social structures and cultural values.
- Apply key concepts to analysis of print and web media
- Synthesize understanding of key concepts via informative and summative writing (i.e. final essay)
- Evaluate and cite multiple sources to support a position or interpretation

Dispositions & Practices

- Communicate ideas effectively in writing to suit a particular audience or purpose.
- Write conscientiously for short responses or over time to develop and include succinct claims supported via evidence from a text or other resources adhering to sound research practices.
- Comprehend text by inferring and tracing the main idea, interpreting, critically appraising, and making personal connections
- Enhance analysis, interpretation, and depth of understanding via collaborative practices eliciting multiple perspectives and civil discourse.
- Think critically about information and claims encountered at school and beyond by seeking clarity, accuracy, sound evidence, good reasons, and fairness

Apply effective elements of public speaking to deliver a cohesive message to an audience.	
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Academic Vocabulary:

- allusion
- analysis
- apartheid
- archetypal analysis
- archetype
- articulation
- audience demographics
- autobiography
- catharsis
- citation
- commentary
- credibility
- cultural sensitivity
- delivery; delivery cues
- democracy

- discrimination
- enunciation
- eve contact
- fluency
- imagery
- listening (active, appreciative, constructive)
- memoir
- mood
- motif
- movement (platform movement)
- narrative technique
- narrator
- nonfiction

- organization/order (causal, chronological, etc...)
- pacing
- paradox
- paraphrase
- perspective
- retrospective (first person)
- symbolism
- text specific vocabulary
- theme
- tone
- volume
- Xhosa

Evidence: Assessments and Performance Task(s)

- Unit Exam/Quizzes
- Socratic Seminar/Discussion
- Student Responses/Portfolio (Philosophy of Life Speech)

Interdisciplinary Connections:

- The historical and cultural lenses of texts apply to understanding the impact characterization, setting, and plot development as well as personal, independent reflection and development of values
- Formal written response skills refine the use of academic vocabulary integral to success in a plethora of post-high school environments
- Collaborative discussion and seminar enhance a student's ability to appropriately engage in civil discourse and engage in conscientious critical thinking that allows for rebuttal of counter argument

Additional Resources:

Born a Crime, The Woman Warrior, The Kite Runner; Adventures in English Literature, Athena Edition, How to Read Literature Like a Professor