Protists!!!

Protists aresingle celled organisms that contain a nucleus
Protists live inwatery environments, moist soil, inside other living organisms
A few characteristics of protists:Can be autotrophic or heterotrophic
Most live as individual cells
Some live in large colonies
There are three major kinds of Protists:animal-like, plant-like, fungus-like
Animal-like can be broken into 4 groups:Sarcodines (amoeboids)
Ciliates
Zooflagellates(No bueno)
Sporozoans(No bueno)
<u>Sarcodines</u> (Amoeboids) – All have a psuedopod, or a"false foot"
 The Pseudopod is a footlike extension that an amoeba uses to move and capture food – for example – the Amoeba
Sketch an amoeba:
<u>Ciliates</u> – Have small <u>hairlike</u> projections called cilia on the outside of their cells that act like tiny <u>oars</u> to help move them. Ex. Paramecium
Sketch a paramecium:
Zooflagellatesare animallike protists that move using aflagellum or
<u> 20011ayenates </u>

flagella (more than one)___

_ Many live commensally inside other critters, though a few are parasites! – ExGiardia
Sketch a Zooflagellate:
Sporozoans – All are parasites thatthat feed on the cells and body fluids of their host animals
Plant-like – All capture energyfrom the sun using chloroplasts
Three major groupsEuglena
Diatoms
Dinoflagellates
Euglenaposses a flagella, eyespots, and green structures used in photosynthesis called chloroplasts
Draw me here:
Diatomsare plantlike protists made of a tough, glasslike silicon material
Draw an example here:
Dinoflagellatesare plantlike protists that have two flagella and armor-like cell walls
Sketch:
Fungus-like Protistsare heterotrophic, have cell walls, and use spores to reproduce. Ex. Slime molds